

REGULAMIN KONKURSU

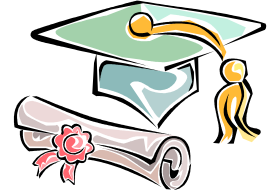
Organizatorami konkursu są:



Marilyn Harris – The Sixth Form College Farnborough



Beata Kouhan – Liceum Ogólnokształcące w Sulechowie



- 1) W konkursie mogą brać udział uczniowie Liceum Ogólnokształcącego w Sulechowie z klas pierwszych, drugich i trzecich oraz z The Sixth Form College Farnborough
- 2) Konkurs składa się z trzech etapów pisemnych
- 3) Celem konkursu jest: wzbogacenie zasobu słownictwa uczniów o szereg wyrażen przyimkowych oraz czasowników, przymiotników i rzeczowników występujących z nimi przyimkami używanych w języku angielskim, oraz poszerzenie zakresu konkursu o element międzynarodowy
- 4) Lista publikowanych wyrażen przyimkowych nie jest jedynym materiałem obowiązującym w czasie trwania konkursu, tzn. w czasie trwania konkursu mogą znaleźć się wyrażenia spoza listy.
- 5) W czasie trwania konkursu wymagana jest od uczniów duża doza samodzielności, tzn. własna praca w celu wzbogacenia wiedzy oraz śledzenie ogłoszeń na stronie internetowej i systematyczny kontakt z organizatorem konkursu w sprawie harmonogramu kolejnych etapów konkursu
- 6) Nagrody w konkursie to Dyplomy uczestnictwa oraz nagrody rzeczowe

HARMONOGRAM KONKURSU

I etap – grudzień 2010

II etap – luty 2011

III etap – marzec 2011

Uroczyste zakończenie konkursu: maj/czerwiec 2011

Warunki wygranej na poszczególnych etapach

I etap- 95% lub w razie braku takich wyników 10 najlepszych rezultatów

II etap – 97% lub 5 najlepszych rezultatów

III etap – 3 najlepsze rezultaty

ZAPRASZAMY DO UDZIAŁU W KONKURSIE

BIBLIOGRAPHY
ENGLISH PREPOSITIONS



V. Evans, J. Dooley, *Grammarway 4*, Express Publishing 1999

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V. Evans, J. Dooley, *Enterprise Grammar 4*, Express Publishing 2000

Prepositional Phrases, Express Publishing 2002

Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary, Oxford University Press 2000

M. Vince, *Advanced Language Practice*, Heinemann, 1994

M. Vince, *First Certificate Language Practice*, Heinemann, 1996

P. Watcyn-Jones, J. Allsop, *Test your prepositions*, Penguin English 1990

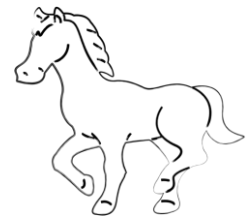
P. Watcyn-Jones, *Test Your Vocabulary 3, 4, 5*, Penguin Books 1996

A. Zębala, *Język Angielski. Matura Companion. Egzamin Pisemny. Struktury Leksykalno-Gramatyczne*, Express Publishing 2004

I etap konkursu
ENGLISH PREPOSITIONS
Podstawowa lista
Wyrażeń przyimkowych
(w konkursie będą się pojawiać wyrażenia nie objęte listą!)

- 1) absent from- *nieobecny w*
- 2) accompanied by – *w towarzystwie...*
- 3) according to – *według...*
- 4) accuse sb of doing sth- *oskarżać kogoś o zrobienie czegoś*
- 5) accustomed to- *przyzwyczajony do...*
- 6) addicted to- *uzależniony od...*
- 7) be afraid of- *bać się czegoś*
- 8) ahead of -(*wyprzedzać kogoś/być przed..*)
- 9) aim at- *wycelować w kogoś, skierować do kogoś*
- 10) allergic to- *uczulony na...*
- 11) amazed at/by- *zdumiony czymś/przez coś/kogoś*
- 12) amused by- *rozbawiony przez...*
- 13) angry at what sb does- *zły na to co ktoś robi*
- 14) angry with sb about sth- *zły na kogoś o coś*
- 15) annoyed with sb about sth- *poirytowany na kogoś o coś*
- 16) answer to- *odpowiedź na ...*
- 17) anxious about sth- *zaniepokojony czymś*
- 18) apologise to sb for doing sth- *przeprosić kogoś za zrobienie czegoś*
- 19) apply to sb for sth- *ubiegać się u kogoś o coś*
- 20) approve of- *pochwalać/cenić*
- 21) argue with sb about sth- *kłócić się z kimś o coś*
- 22) arrest sb for – *aresztować kogoś za...*
- 23) arrive at – *przybyć do małego miejsca*
- 24) arrive in- *przybyć do dużego miejsca*
- 25) ashamed of- *wstydzić się czegoś*
- 26) ask for- *prosić o...*
- 27) astonished at/by- *zdumiony czymś/przez...*
- 28) attached to- *dołączony/przyczepiony do...*
- 29) attack on- *atak na...*
- 30) attend to – *zajmować się*
- 31) be (un)aware of – *być (nie) świadomym czegoś*
- 32) bad at- *marny w czymś*
- 33) good at- *dobry w czymś*
- 34) hopeless at- *beznadziejny w czymś*
- 35) bad to sb- *złe dla kogoś*
- 36) good to- *dobry dla kogoś*
- 37) base on- *opierać się na czymś(ale nie np. Na ścianie)*
- 38) basis for- *podstawa do czegoś*
- 39) beg for- *błagać o*
- 40) begin with- *zacząć od...*
- 41) believe in- *wierzyć w*
- 42) benefit from- *skorzystać na czymś*
- 43) bet on- *postawić na (zakład)*
- 44) beware of- *wystrzegać się czegoś*
- 45) put the blame on sb – *zrzucić winę na kogoś*
- 46) blame sth on sb- *obarczyć kogoś winą*
- 47) boast about/of- *szczycić się/chwalić się czymś*
- 48) bored with/of- *nudzić się czymś/kimś*
- 49) borrow sth from sb- *pożyczyć coś od kogoś*
- 50) brilliant at- *wspaniały w czymś*

I ETAP KONKURSU
ENGLISH PREPOSITIONS



KARTA PRACY/WORKSHEET

- 1) **absent from** - not in the place where you should be or are expected to be: *How many of them are absent without permission?*
- 2) **accompanied by** - to happen or exist while something else is happening: *A skin rash may be accompanied by fever.*
- 3) **according to** - if you do something according to a plan, system, or set of rules, you do it in a way that agrees with or obeys that plan, system, or set of rules: *We should try to play the game according to the rules.*
- 4) **accuse sb of doing sth** - to say that someone has done something wrong or committed a crime: *She claims that her employers accused her of theft.*
- 5) **accustomed to**- thinking that something is normal or natural because you have experienced it regularly over a period of time: *He had become accustomed to living without electricity, and missed it very little.*
- 6) **addicted to**- unable to stop taking an illegal or harmful drug: *She says she's unable to give up smoking; she's completely addicted.*
- 8) **ahead of** -used for saying that something is in front of you, in the direction you are going or looking: *The car ahead of us stopped suddenly.*
- 9) **aim at**- to point a gun or an object you are throwing at something you want to hit: *He was aiming at the tree but he missed.*
- 11) **amazed at/by**- very surprised: *We were absolutely amazed at the response to our appeal.*
- 12) **amused by**- entertained or interested by something
- 13) **angry at what sb does**- very annoyed: *Patients are angry at the increase in charges for medicines.*
- 14) **angry with sb about sth**- very annoyed: *Are you angry with me?*
- 15) **annoyed with sb about sth**- feeling slightly angry or impatient: *The kids wouldn't stop talking, and I was beginning to get annoyed with them.*
- 16) **answer to**- a spoken reply to a question: *The answer to your question is yes.*
- 17) **anxious about sth**- worried because you think something bad might happen: *People are naturally anxious about these tests.*
- 18) **apologise to sb for doing sth**- to tell someone that you are sorry for doing something wrong or causing a problem: *You should be apologizing to your customers for wasting their money.*
- 19) **apply to sb for sth**- to make an official request for a job or a place in a college or university, or for permission to do or have something: *You have to apply to the passport office for a visa.*
- 20) **approve of**- to have a positive feeling towards someone or something that you consider to be good or suitable: *He seemed to approve of my choice.*
- 21) **argue with sb about sth**- if people argue, they speak to each other in an angry way because they disagree: *Don't argue with me ? you know I'm right.*
- 22) **arrest sb for** – if the police arrest someone, they take that person to a police station because they believe he or she has committed a crime.
- 23) **arrive at** – to reach a place, after having been somewhere else: *Four police officers suddenly arrived at their house.*
- 24) **arrive in**- *They arrived in London last week.*
- 25) **ashamed of**- *You should be ashamed of yourself*
- 26) **ask for**- *Could I ask for another cup of tea?*
- 27) **astonished at/by**- very surprised about something that you did not expect: *Elizabeth was astonished at her sister's courage.*
- 28) **attached to**- joined or fixed to something: *To take advantage of this offer please complete the attached forms.*

Or liking someone very much or loving them: *She found herself growing deeply attached to the old lady.*

29) attack on- *It was a personal attack on me!*

30) attend to – to deal with something or someone: *We still have a number of other matters to attend to.*

31) be (un)aware of – *He was completely unaware of her presence.*

32) bad at- *She is really bad at maths.*

33) good at- *They are good at sports.*

34) hopeless at- *Anne is hopeless at foreign languages.*

35) bad to sb- *He was really bad to her.*

36) good to- *Just be good to me!*

37) base on- 1 to use particular ideas or facts to make a decision, do a calculation, or develop a theory:

The prosecution's case is based largely on evidence from ex-members of the gang.

2 to use something as a model for a film, piece of writing, or work of art: *The film is based on a true story.*

38) basis for- *The agreement between the parties will provide the basis for future negotiations.*

39) beg for- *I'm begging you for mercy.*

40) begin with- if an activity or process begins with something, that is the first thing that happens in it: *All meals begin with a short prayer.*

41) believe in- *Do you believe in justice?*

42) benefit from- to get help or an advantage from something: *Patients have benefited greatly from this treatment.*

43) bet on- to risk an amount of money by saying what you think will happen, especially in a race or game. You lose the money if you are wrong and win more if you are right: *I wanted to bet on the result of the election.*

44) beware of- *Beware of two faced people.*

45) put the blame on sb – *He put the blame on his brother.*

46) blame sth on sb- *You can't blame all your problems on your working class background.*

47) boast about/of- *She boasted of her daughter's achievements.*

48) bored with/of- *He was bored with this film.*

49) borrow sth from sb- *She borrowed a book from her flatmate.*

50) brilliant at- *She was brilliant at drawing.*

Opracowała: Beata Kouhan (Na podstawie: © Macmillan Publishers Ltd. 2002)